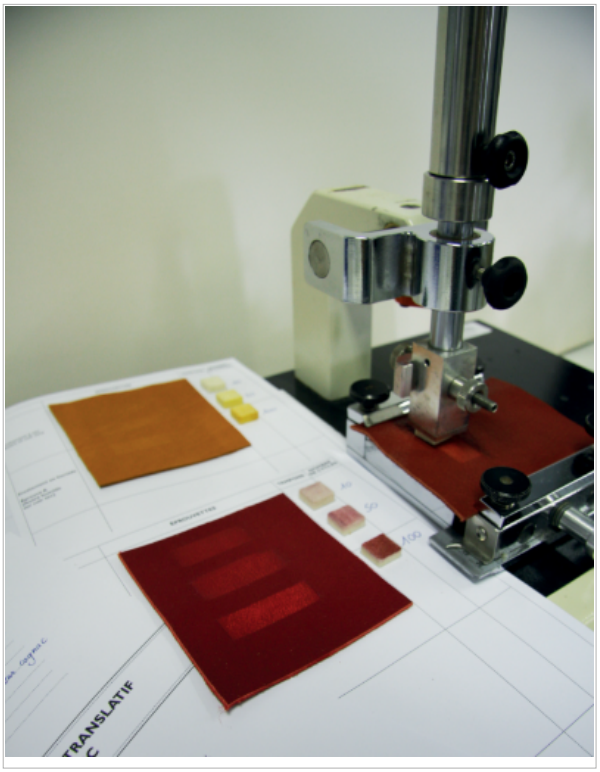
Color fastness to rubbing (dry condition)

Objective

This test is used to check whether repeated rubbing is able to cause deterioration of the leather colour, on the one hand, and whether the colour can run (transfer) onto the backing material.



Principle

The test consists of subjecting a 100 x 25 mm specimen to rubbing (to-and-fro) under constant pressure, with a dry standardised felt pad. The deterioration and staining are then evaluated against greyscale.

Type: Physical and mechanical test
Standard: EN ISO 11640
Products: Leather / Leathergoods
Criteria: Color fastness

Last modified on 2025-03-28