Color fastness to rubbing (dry condition) - 100 cycles

Objective

This test is used to check whether repeated rubbing is able to cause deterioration of the leather colour, on the one hand, and whether the colour can run (transfer) on to the backing material.

Principle

The test consists of subjecting a 100 x 25 mm specimen to rubbing (to-and-fro) under constant pressure, with a dry standardised felt pad. The deterioration and staining are then evaluated against greyscales.

Type: Physical and mechanical test
Standard: EN ISO 11640
Product: Belt
Criteria: Performance

Last modified on 2025-04-30